

$$f'(1) = -1$$

$$g(x) = \int_{-2}^x f(t) dt$$

Area

$$g'(x) = f(x)$$

Look at y-coord  
of graph

$$g''(x) = f'(x)$$

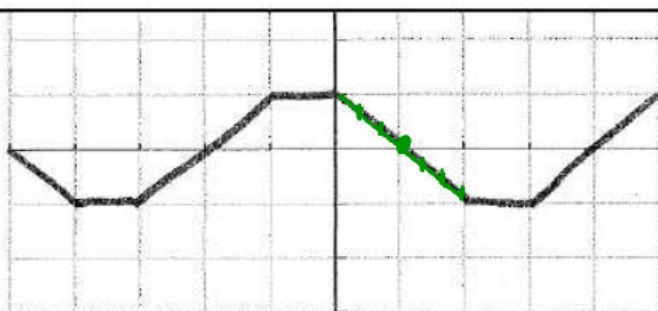
Slope of given  
graph

$$g(1) = \int_{-2}^1 f(t) dt = 2$$

$$g'(1) = 0$$

y-value of graph

$$f'(1) = g''(1) = -1$$

Slope of  $f(x)$  at  $x=1$ Graph of  $f(t)$ 

11. Let  $h(x) = g(x) - .5x^2 - x$ . Determine the critical values of  $h(x)$  on  $-5 < x < 5$ .

$$h(x) = g(x) - .5x^2 - x$$

$$h'(x) = 0$$

$$h'(x) = g'(x) - 1x - 1$$

$$0 = g'(x) - 1x - 1$$

$$x + 1 = f(x)$$

Find when the graph  
of  $x+1$  intersects  $f(x)$ 

$$x = 0$$

12. Let  $n(x) = [g(x)]^2 + f(x)$ . Find  $n'(1) =$

$$n'(x) = 2[g(x)] \cdot g'(x) + f'(x)$$

$$n'(1) = 2[g(1)] \cdot g'(1) + f'(1)$$

$$= 2(2)(0) + (-1)$$

$$= (-1)$$